

# Developing Researcher-Practitioner Relationships

Working Together to Study the Problem of Untested Sexual Assault Kits (SAKs)

> Rebecca Campbell, Ph.D. Michigan State University

### Today's Webinar

**WHY** to form a partnership with a researcher

WHO to include in the partnership

HOW to get started forming a partnership

WHAT to study in your partnership

### Background: My Research

I conducted a 4+ year collaborative action research project with Detroit stakeholders on untested SAKs

I have consulted with many other communities throughout the U.S. with large numbers of untested SAKs

I have 20 years experience doing collaborative research on the criminal justice response to sexual assault

### Background: My "Day Job"

I am a Professor of Psychology & Program Evaluation

I do research on community collaboration & best practices in inter-organizational teams

I teach courses in collaborative evaluation & evaluation design

# WHY The Benefits of Creating a Research Partnership

I mean, seriously, isn't this complicated enough?

You need help

You are drowning in data

You need help

You are drowning in data – and if you're not drowning right now . . . .

You need help

You are drowning in data – and if you're not drowning right now . . . .





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Researchers actually LIKE this stuff

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Create strategies for data organization & management

Develop questions & get answers from your data

Determine whether local efforts are effective

Explore how to utilize your resources most efficiently

Share your findings with other communities

### WHY: National Benefits

We have so much more to learn about this issue

We do NOT have established national "best practices"

We need empirical data in order to establish best practices

We need data from different community contexts—what works in one place, may not work in another



# WHO Strategies for Finding a Research Partner

### WHO: University Researcher/Professor









## WHO: University Researcher/Professor



Criminal Justice, Psychology, Sociology Departments are good places to start looking for faculty researchers

Look at "Faculty Research Interests"

Crime & criminal justice system Gender-based violence Program evaluation Statistics/quantitative methods

Look for "Recent Publications"

Look for "Recent Projects"



ON GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

ABOUT PROJECTS EDUCATION NEWS PROSPECTIVE STUDENTS PRODUCTS & TOOLS

MEMBER'S AREA

Home > Faculty > Campbell, Rebecca, Ph.D.

SURVIVER RESOURCES

Q

#### Campbell, Rebecca, Ph.D.

Campbell, Rebecca, Ph.D. Professor, Ecological-Community Psychology

Faculty		
517-432-8390		
S mc@msu.edu		
Curriculum Vitae		

Dr. Rebecca Campbell is a Professor of Psychology at Michigan State University. She holds a Ph.D. in community psychology with a concentration in statistics, also from Michigan State University. For the past 25 years, she has been conducting community-based research on violence against women and children, with an emphasis on sexual assault. Dr. Campbell's research examines how contact with the legal and medical systems affects adult, adolescent, and pediatric victims' psychological and physical health. Most recently, she was the lead researcher for the National Institute of Justicefunded Detroit Sexual Assault Kit Action Research Project, which was a four-year multidisciplinary study of Detroit's untested rape kits. Dr. Campbell also conducts training for law enforcement and multidisciplinary practitioners in civilian, military, and campus community settings on the neurobiology of trauma. In 2015, Dr. Campbell received the Department of Justice, Office for Victims of Crime, Vision 21 Crime Victims Research Award.

Select Publications

Campbell, R., Feepey, H., Fehler-Cabral, G., Shaw, J., & Horsford, S. (In press). The national problem of untested sexual assault kits (SAK6): Scope, causes, and future directions for research, policy, and practice. Trauma, Violence, & Abuse. About

About

Faculty

Students & Staff

Partners

Member's Area

Associated Projects

Addressing the National Problem of Untested Sexual

Assault Kits Funder: National Institute of Justice and

Bureau of Justice Assistance PI: Rebecca Campbell Dates....

#### WHO: Professional Evaluator



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#### In this Section

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### WHO: Crime Analyst



www.iaca.net



The International Association of Crime Analysts

Serving the Crime Analysis Community Since 1990



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#### Welcome to IACA.net

#### IACA 2016 Conference in Louisville, Kentucky

Check out this lineup of fantastic speakers for the 2016 IACA Training Conference in Louisville, Kentucky (click image for full view)!

The Annual Training Conference is a great opportunity to meet other analysts from across the US, as well as from a variety of other countries. Plan on experiencing all that Louisville has to offer with **500 of your fellow analysts**. Buy your derby hat now as Louisville is home to the internationally known "greatest two minutes in sports", the Kentucky Derby, and **Churchill Downs** has Fall Racing in September. Louisville also boasts the **Louisville Slugger Museum & Factory** where you can purchase a personalized baseball bat.

Learn more about the conference here, or register for the conference today!

Already registered and want to see what's up on deck? View the **conference agenda**!



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#### **IACA Election Nominations**

Nominations for the IACA Executive Board positions of Vice President of Membership and Secretary are now being accepted. IACA members can learn more about the election process here, and can submit nominations here. Members must be logged in to view these pages.



#### **Featured Article**

Chemical-metallographic test with nitric acid on the vehicle body and chassis of steel

The alteration of a vehicle identification characteristics is

carried out with the use of emery and sandpaper to erase

the information in order to

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#### Announcing an Open Position

This area provides examples of elements that may be used to develop a job announcement. These elements may be used in your announcement as is or with modifications to fit your specific position.

- Position Summary
- Qualifications
- Education and Experience

#### **Position Summary**

At a general level, the position summary section of a job announcement describes the purpose of the analyst position as well as the role the analyst will play in the organization. Below are samples of summary descriptions for the various types of analysis positions. For a list of essential duties, please visit the **position descriptions** page.

- The Crime Analyst's role is to provide timely and relevant information on crime patterns and trends and to assist operational and administrative personnel in planning the deployment of resources for the prevention and suppression of criminal activities. This will aid in the investigative process and provide timely information, which increases the apprehension of offenders and the clearance of cases.
- This Crime Analyst position is responsible for research and analysis of law enforcement data; identification and interpretation of criminal activity, patterns, and trends; and forecasting trends to aid in staffing and deployment of police personnel.
- This position is part of the Crime Analysis Unit comprised of analysts that specialize in crime trends and patterns, surveys, statistical analysis, data integrity and reporting statistics to the police, public, government agencies and other institutions. This position is responsible for coordinating and supporting the statistical process that addresses complex tactical and strategic crime analysis.
- This leader must be equally effective in communicating with senior police command internally and externally, and with senior information technology leadership. Must have excellent ability to present and defend innovative projects and ideas in both formal and informal settings to subordinates and superiors. Must have projects and intellectual

How and Where to Advertise Your Position

The recommendations below are ideal places to advertise your position to ensure maximum exposure and increase your chances of recruiting talented applicants.

- City/County/Regional job posting websites
- International Association of Crime Analysts (IACA)
  - Announcements can also be submitted to the IACA's Member ListServ
- National Alliance of Gang Investigators Association (NAGIA)
- International Association of Law Enforcement Intelligence Analysts
- Regional Crime Analysis Associations
- Regional Crime Analyst Email Lists
- Local colleges/universities with Criminal Justice



This area provides examples of elements that may be used to develop a job announcement. These elements may be used in your announcement as is or with modifications to fit your

#### YOU MIGHT ALREADY HAVE CRIME ANALYSTS AVAILABLE TO HELP

#### CHECK WITH YOUR LOCAL POLICE DEPARTMENT, STATE POLICE, and PROSECUTOR'S ASSOCIATION

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Enforcement Intelligence Analysts

- Regional Crime Analysis Associations
- Regional Crime Analyst Email Lists
- Local colleges/universities with Criminal Justice

### WHO: Which One to Pick

Each profession has unique strengths

Most likely ANYONE will have a steep learning curve

Depends on your needs are & what ideas you want to pursue

Depends on who's available in your community

### Keep In Mind . . .



### Keep In Mind . . .



Knowledge? Experience? Values? Beliefs? Attitudes? Personality? Temperament? Collaborative Approach? Communication Style? Dependability?



#### Prior Experience . . .

- Q: Working on topic of sexual assault?
- Q: Conducting data management projects?
- Q: Working with multidisciplinary teams?
- Q: Working with crime records as data source?
- Q: Doing collaborative research/evaluation?
- Q: Conducting quantitative analyses (software used)?
- Q: Writing reports, creating infographics?
- Q: Presenting data/findings for lay public, policy audiences?



#### Current Work. . . .

Q: Current projects working on?

Q: References from current/former clients/partners?

Q: How staff projects, who else on their team?

Q: How structure work flow if have multiple projects/clients?

Q: How communicate with project clients?

Q: How do they resolve conflict within teams, with clients?

Q: How much time do they have to devote to this project?

# HOW Getting Started in Your Research Partnership



# HOW to create partnership WHAT you will study together

These are interdependent

You need to know WHAT you're doing to establish the HOW to work together agreements

<sup>33</sup> IMPORTANT: don't start research until the HOW agreements are in place

### HOW: Agreements & Protections

MOU (Memorandum of Understanding)

Data Use Agreement

**IRB** Approval

TERM	DEFINITION	AGREEMENT BETWEEN
MOU (Memorandum of Understanding)		
35		
TERM	DEFINITION	AGREEMENT BETWEEN
---	---	-------------------
MOU (Memorandum of Understanding)	General agreement that outlines expectations and understanding for a project. Often created specific to a project, review other MOUs for ideas and sample language	
	<ul> <li>Typical topics include:</li> <li>1) Who provides what information to whom?</li> <li>2) What information needs to be protected and how?</li> <li>3) What information can &amp; cannot be released?</li> </ul>	
37	<ul> <li>4) Who has oversight over what?</li> <li>5) How will we work together?</li> <li>6) How will we handle dissent and disagreement?</li> <li>7) How will findings be shared/disseminated?</li> </ul>	

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	Typically specifies:	
	1) Who is allowed to use what data, for what purpose, over what period of time	
	2) How confidentiality of data will be protected	
	3) How data can or cannot be shared further	
	4) How findings will be shared	

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<b>Review Board</b> )		

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#### HOW: Additional IRB Terms

Confidential data

Confidentiality

Anonymous data

Identifiable data

De-identified data

Human subjects

Privacy

Respect for persons

**Risk-benefit** ratio

Informed consent

#### HOW: About Confidentiality

Need to think through WHAT exactly is supposed to be kept confidential

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The name/identifying information of the victims?

The name/identifying information of the accused?

The criminal history records of the accused?

The DNA profiles obtained from forensic testing?

#### HOW: About Confidentiality

Need to think through WHAT exactly is supposed to be kept confidential

The name/identifying information of the victims?

The name/identifying information of the accused?

The criminal history records of the accused?

The DNA profiles obtained from forensic testing?

The city/state in which this work was conducted?

The names of the specific organizations/agencies?

#### HOW: About IRBs

This is unusual research, local IRB may not "get" it at first

Highly sensitive data on potentially "open" legal cases

IRB will likely be concerned about the potential impact of the RESEARCH on legal case processing/decisions

Still need approval if meets federal requirements of "human subjects" research



#### **HOW: Additional Protections**

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FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS	Privacy Certificate Guidelines     Common Problems With Privacy Certificates	• Text size: + - • <u>Print this page</u>
HUMAN SUBJECTS PROTECTION	About the Privacy Certificate The NIJ Privacy Certificate guidelines and format provide instructions and a useful tool for documenting that applicants understand their obligations and how they will fulfill	<ul> <li><u>Subscriptions</u></li> <li><u>E-mail this page</u></li> <li><u>Share this page on</u></li> </ul>
CONFIDENTIALITY AND PRIVACY PROTECTIONS	their obligations under the confidentiality regulations found in 28 CFR Part 22. Use of the supplied format will assist you in addressing all the points addressed in 28 CFR Part 22.	
PRIVACY CERTIFICATE GUIDANCE	Most problems arise because the applicant assumes that the information addressing the concern is obvious, when in fact an independent reader would need to make a series of assumptions about the details of the study and procedures. Clear and explicit written descriptions in most instances resolve the problem or concern. See below for:	
	Privacy Certificate Guidelines The following summarizes the requirements of 28 CFR §22.23 and should be used as a guide to completing the Privacy Certificate. 1. The Privacy Certificate must fully describe the following:	
	<ul> <li>Procedures to ensure data confidentiality.</li> <li>Procedures to ensure the physical and administrative security of data.</li> <li>Procedures for subject notification or justification for waiver.</li> <li>Procedures for final disposition of data.</li> </ul>	

#### NIJ Privacy Certificate



#### Certificates of Confidentiality (CoC)

CoCs allow researchers to refuse to disclose names or other identifying characteristics of research subjects in response to legal demands. Certificates are issued by NIH and other Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) agencies to researchers to help protect the privacy of human subjects enrolled in sensitive, healthrelated research.

#### Apply Now Learn More



#### NIH Certificates of Confidentiality

# WHAT

# Brainstorming Ideas for What to Study in Your Partnership



These are interdependent

#### WHAT: New Frontier in Research

VERY limited number of studies/projects on untested SAKs

If (insert name of other city/project) already looked at (topic/issue), then ...

YOU CAN TOO!

PLEASE DO, in fact!

**REPLICATION** is critical!

If findings DON'T REPLICATE, that's super important to know!

#### WHAT: Where Do We Start?

What do you want to know? What are the pressing issues in YOUR community/jurisdiction?

Your research partner should be able to help your SAK work group brainstorm and refine ideas

Also useful to think through: what kind of data do we already have on hand, what NEW data might we need

ТҮРЕ	<b>DEFINITION &amp; EXAMPLES</b>	DO YOU HAVE THIS ON HAND?
Archival records	Existing electronic or paper records SAK census results (count data) SAK forensic testing outcomes Criminal history records Police reports Prosecution & court records	<ul> <li>YES!!!</li> <li>Crime analysts have easier/direct access to some records than do researchers/evaluators</li> <li>CAN get access through data use agreements</li> <li>Working with this kind of data may or may not require IRB approval (but still need to seek waiver and secure formal waiver)</li> </ul>

ТҮРЕ	<b>DEFINITION &amp; EXAMPLES</b>	DO YOU HAVE THIS ON HAND?
Surveys	<ul><li>Paper or electronic self-report questionnaires</li><li>Attitude &amp; belief questionnaires</li><li>Case scenarios &amp; what would you do Q's</li></ul>	<ul><li><i>Probably not</i></li><li>Do you need this kind of data?</li><li>This will require IRB approval to collect</li></ul>

ТҮРЕ	<b>DEFINITION &amp; EXAMPLES</b>	DO YOU HAVE THIS ON HAND?
Interviews	Phone or in-person discussions with pre- written questions (and some "on the fly" questions)	Probably not Do you need this kind of data?
	Attitude & belief questions Customary practice questions Historical trends questions	This will require IRB approval to collect
	Case scenarios & what would you do Q's	

ТҮРЕ	<b>DEFINITION &amp; EXAMPLES</b>	DO YOU HAVE THIS ON HAND?
Observations	Researcher/evaluator observes team meetings & discussions and takes notes of what happens, what said How practitioners work together How handle actual cases	<ul><li><i>Probably not</i></li><li>Do you need this kind of data?</li><li>This will require IRB approval to collect</li></ul>

#### WHAT: Major Topical Areas

- Scope of the problem
- Underlying causes
- Prioritization
- Forensic testing
- Utilization of a hit

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- Scope of the problem
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- Criminal history & serial offending
- Investigational practices
- Prosecution strategies & challenges
- Victim engagement & notification
- Creating sustainable change/reform

#### WHAT: Brainstorming Ideas

- Scope of the problem  $\rightarrow$  geographic patterns, rates of submitting over time
- Underlying causes  $\rightarrow$  front-line practice issues, organizational issues
- Prioritization  $\rightarrow$  for testing, for investigation, for prosecution
- Forensic testing  $\rightarrow$  rates of CODIS entry, rates of CODIS hits
- Utilization of a hit  $\rightarrow$  ID offender, confirm ID, already incarcerated

#### WHAT: Brainstorming Ideas

- Criminal history & serial offending  $\rightarrow$  rates & definitions of serial
- Investigational practices  $\rightarrow$  evaluating training/protocols
- Prosecution strategies & challenges  $\rightarrow$  rates of successful prosecutions
- Victim engagement & notification  $\rightarrow$  comparing different methods
- Creating sustainable change/reform  $\rightarrow$  documenting successful strategies

#### WHAT: Hard-Won Lessons Learned

Importance of clear definitions & comparing apples-to-apples

Numbers can change, implications for sharing work in progress

Iatrogenic effects, the research will affect the work being done



# Comments, Questions, and Discussion

**Contact Information:** 

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